

Coordinates in R.A. and N.P.D. of the Comparison Stars with reference to R. Carinæ, together with the Apparent Magnitudes of the Comparison Stars.

Comparison Star.		Apparent Magnitude.	R.A.	N.P.D.
No. 1 (Red Star)	...	8.7	1 31° 4' E.	26° 28" S.
2	...	9.2	1 32° 1'	8° 5 S.
3	...	8.6	1 52° 0'	20° 24 N.
4	...	9.2	2 56° 1'	0° 45 S.
5	...	8.5	3 8° 4'	20° 13 N.
6	...	9.2	3 52° 6'	10° 8 S.
7	...	9.2	4 30° 0'	9° 0 N.
8	...	8.0	6 4° 9'	14° 41 N.
	...	9.1	6 46° 2'	3° 52 S.
10	...	8.0	6 46° 8'	14° 51 N.
11	...	8.5	7 8° 7'	27° 17 S.
12 (Lacaille 3993)	...	6.9	7 23° 5'	8° 31 S.
13	...	8.9	8 2° 2'	12° 9 S.
14	...	8.8	9 34° 7'	6° 54 N.
15	...	8.6	10 8° 0'	3° 33 N.

Note.—The position of star No. 7 is derived from alignments with the other stars.

Errata in my communications in vol. xlvi. of the Monthly Notices of the Royal Astronomical Society.

- Page 279. For 0° 7 read 0° 1.
 „ 386. R.A. parallax factor for Oct. 26; for -8° 083 read -8° 089.
 „ 387. Comparison Star for Nov. 14; for 31 read 35.
 „ 389. Comet's App. N.P.D. for Dec. 29; for 119° 51' 19" read 119° 51' 9".
 „ 393. Opposite to Star No. 54; for 1880, 3240 read 1860, 3240.

Measures of Southern Double Stars. By E. B. Powell.

In the *Monthly Notices* for June 1870, in which appeared my last published elements of the orbit of *a Centauri*, I mentioned my intention of communicating at a later period the details of the double star observations I was then engaged in taking. Circumstances prevented me from carrying out the plan I had formed of securing a considerable number of measures of different southern binaries; and, on my return to Europe in 1875, I thought it scarcely worth while to trouble the Society with the limited number of observations I had taken. As, however, Dr. Elkin applied to me some time ago for my unpublished

detailed observations of α Centauri, it occurs to me that I may as well enable the Society to place them on record, should it appear advisable to do so; I therefore do myself the pleasure of forwarding them. Along with the measures of α Centauri are three other southern stars, and a few observations of η Cassiopeiae. The measures now placed before the Society embrace all my Madras results subsequent to those recorded in vol. xxxii. of the *Memoirs*.

Bath, Sept. 24, 1883.

Star.	Pos.	No. Obs.	Dist.	No. Obs.	Epoch.
η Cassiopeiae	122° 7	10	6°42	4	1863.868
	122° 8	6			1863.903
	123° 6	6	6°63	6	1864.109
	123° 6	8	6°78	10	1864.125
Mean	123° 1	30	6°65	20	1864.001
	133° 15	5			1870.058
	134° 17	7	6°28	8	1870.066
	133° 4	5	6°3	10	1870.071
	133° 45	7	6°5	8	1870.074
	133° 1	8	6°45	8	1870.079
Mean	133° 4	32	6°39	34	1870.07
	137° 6	6	5°9	6	1871.077
	136° 96	8			1871.123
Mean	137° 4	14	5°9	6	1871.1
p (6) Eridani	250° 8	10	5°17	10	1863.004
	251° 3	6	4°77	10	1863.015
	250° 9	5	4°88	10	1863.02
	250° 7	9	4°61	8	1863.029
Mean	250° 9	30	4°9	38	1863.017

Star.	Pos.	No. Obs.	Dist.	No. Obs.	Epoch.
<i>p</i> (6) Eridani	243° 0	6	"		1870.048
	243° 3	7			1870.063
	243° 2	3	5.55	10	1870.066
	243° 0	7			1870.071
	242° 7	6			1870.088
	242° 8	5	5.74	10	1870.099
Mean	243° 0	34	5.7	20	1870.072

241° 4	5	5.6	6	1871.005	
241° 4	12	5.2	8	1871.077	
241° 7	10	5.4	10	1871.088	
241° 6	6			1871.09	
241° 5	7	5.8	8	1871.099	
241° 9	5	5.37	8	1871.104	
Mean	241° 6	45	5.46	40	1871.077

γ Centauri	6.2	5		1870.187	Distance about $1\frac{1}{2}''$
	7.4	6		1870.198	or $1\frac{1}{4}''$ by estimation.
	8.0	5		1870.244	Distance measures
	6.6	5			beyond telescope.
	7.65	4		1870.255	
	6.75	8		1870.26	
Mean	6.85	33		1870.233	

8.1	6		1870.971
7.03	6		1871.061
6.7	7		1871.073
5.7	10		1871.092
5.85	7		1871.097
Mean	6.16	36	1871.059

Star.	Pos.	No. Obs.	Dist.	No. Obs.	Epoch.
α Centauri	1° 2'	10	7° 35"	10	1863.004
	.83	12	7° 4'	10	1863.009
	2.02	6			1863.024
	1.3	6	7° 4'	6	1863.028
	.9	10	7° 04'	10	1863.045
	2.2	15			1863.056 $3\frac{1}{2}$ wrong; $-\frac{1}{2}$ much worse.
Mean	1° 4'	59	7° 2'	36	1863.028

5.9	10	7.67	8	1864.002	
5.6	10			1864.094	
5.6	8	7.9	8	1864.116	
5.8	10	7.7	26	1864.121	
5.6	6			1864.132	
5.4	10	8.02	10	1864.152 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 7\frac{1}{2} \text{ wrong, but not} \\ \text{very bad;} \end{array} \right. 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ much worse.} \right.$	
5.9	10	7.9	18	1864.156	
Mean	5.7	64	7.85	70	1864.11

11.18	5	8.87	6	1866.056	
11.2	10	9.5	6	1866.061	
0.11	9	9.37	10	1866.072	
Mean	11.1	24	9.3	22	1866.063

17.9	8	10.6	8	1869.127	
18.0	14	9.9*	12	1869.138	
Mean	17.97	22	10.4	20	1869.132

* Distance clipped as much as the eye could bear without being offended. Intended to try on another night how wide a distance the eye could bear, but did not carry out intention. Gave second night only $\frac{1}{3}$ the weight of first night.

Star.	Pos.	No. Obs.	Dist.	No. Obs.	Epoch.
α Centauri	21° 23'	5	10.2"	6	1870.12
	20.7	10	10.29	10	1870.15
	21.0	5	9.97	10	1870.18 Stars unsteady.
	20.43	15	10.25	32	1870.059
	19.75	5	10.10	10	1870.067 Stars unsteady.
	20.28	8			1870.07
	20.23	5	9.99	10	1870.073 Stars at times flaring.
	19.72	10	10.26	10	1870.081
	20.28	5	10.46	20	1870.083 Stars beautiful.
	20.65	8	11.01	10	1870.187
	20.27	10	10.38	20	1870.193
	20.53	7	10.28	14	1870.198
	21.27	7	10.08	10	1870.242
Mean	20.45	100	10.24	162	1870.1
	22.07	5			1870.591
	21.75	5	9.88	8	1870.599
	21.83	7	10.07	10	1870.602
	22.12	5	10.16	10	1870.611
	21.5	7	10.27	10	1870.635 Daylight.
Mean	21.8	29	10.09	38	1873.608
	22.98	5	9.9	10	1870.971
	22.9	5	9.8	10	1870.981
	23.1	5	9.8	6	1870.984 Stars unsteady. Daylight.
	23.25	6	9.96	18	1871.061 Some night, some day.
	23.29	18	9.77	20	1871.073 Some night, someday. Some E., some W.
	23.33	7	10.0	10	1871.078
	22.8	20	9.9	20	1871.092
	22.7	7	9.93	20	1871.094 Daylight.
	23.02	7	10.07	10	1871.097 East.
	22.95	7	9.8	18	1871.102 West.
	23.03	5	9.92	20	1871.105 West.
Mean	23.01	90	9.89	162	1871.05

Star.	Pos.	No. Obs.	Dist.	No. Obs.	Epoch.
α Centauri	23°	7	9'8"	10	1871.215
	22°7'	8	9'83	10	1871.22
	23°2'	5	10.0	6	1871.307
	24°3'	5	9'8"	10	1871.32
	23°8'	7	9'9"	20	1871.326 Some E., others W.
	24°2'	8	9'66	10	1871.389
	24°9'	5	9'9"	20	1871.391
Mean	23°7'	45	9'8"	86	1871.31
γ Coronæ Aust.	318°5'	6			1863.775
	317°6'	12			1863.849
	318°8'	7			1863.857
	318°4'	5			1863.865
Mean	318°1'	30			1863.836
Mean	285°5'	5		1870.187	Taken with a lower power than usual, and therefore perhaps subject to extra error.
	287°6'	7		1870.193	
	286°9'	12		1870.19	
	281°9'	12		1871.22	

On Humidity as a Cause of Variation of Rate in Chronometers.
By Major-General J. F. Tennant, R.E., F.R.S.

About the end of March, 1882, I borrowed from the Government stores a chronometer by Thomas Fletcher of London, No. 2684; it had been some time in India, but had not been cleaned since its arrival, and was said to have a good rate. When it came to me the rate was about $-6^{\text{s}}.5$ (gaining), and this it seemed to keep fairly till the end of May (149^d). (I shall use the days of the year frequently, as I can readily take them from my graphic projection of data.) Then the rate suddenly fell to $-2^{\text{s}}.0$ between 150^d and 170^d, rose nearly a second for a week, and then with small variations continued to fall till about 270^d, when it became insensible. At 290^d it rose a little, but shortly after I left Calcutta for a short holiday, and missed a period